MR. CHAIRMAN: Yes, there is a difference in completing a sentence and completing a total statement. These are the two things. The sentence completion has - been permitted. It was only after that, after a few seconds had passed, then I said, Question Hour is over. *(Interruptions)* Now, so far as further discussion on the question is concerned, some ask for short duration discussion and some others say, half-an-hour., We will sit and decide about it. What is there? There is no problem. Let us not waste time on these things. *(.Interruptions)* .

SHRI SUBRAMANIAN SWAMY: But they should not bring in the Food Corporation of India. *(Interruptions).* After having wasted twenty minutes on the Food Corporation of India... *(Interruptions)*.. .AH the answers are available.... *(Interruptions)*...

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: Sir, Incidentally, I may quote. I myself in the other House had read out statements by way of reply and even after 12 o'clock, I was allowed to complete them. This is the precedent. But, you, in your wisdom... *(Interruption)* ...

MR. CHAIRMAN: Prof. Dandavate, so far as this is concerned, I have also been a Member of this House and the other House and I have also presided here and my regislative experience is only 30 years and a few month and I have studied the whole subject and I hope that *I* have understood something of it, having studied it in the University of Cambridge also. On this very subject, I have written a review based' on May's Parliamentary Practice and you also know that the fundamental thing is that the Chair's decision is final. That is one thing I know from long experience. Anybody else's saying, I would have understood. But your question-in the Chair is something which cannot be understood. *(Interruption).*

SHRI DIPEN GHOSH: Sir, Mr. Yashwant Sinha and I have asked for a discussion on this today itself. The Prime Minister is also agreeable. Mease grant it.

MR. CHAIRMAN: I will decide it in rny Chamber. I have told you. *(Interruption)* .

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: Mr. Chairman, Sir, I wish to make it clear because you should not misunderstand. I am the last man to disrespect the Chair. I have only said that you, in your wisdom, have decided and I accept it. But I only quoted my own experience. That is aH right. My experience *is absolutely nil as compared to your experience.

MR. CHAIRMAN; No, no. Yours Is very long. I know. I have only 11 years in the Lok Sabha and 19 years (in the Assembly.

PROF. MADHU DANDAVATE: Sir, it- should not go on record that 1 have challenged your ruling. I- have said, you, in your wisdom, have given the ruling and I accept it. There is no question.

WRITTEN ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS

Navodaya Vidyalayas

•23. SHRi PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to refer to the answer to Unstarred Question 92 given in the Rajya Sabha on the 19th July 1989 and state:

(a) whether about 256 Navodaya Vidyalayas had been established in various States/Union Territories which were pace-setter and were established to serve the talented children, largely from the rural areas; and '

(b) if so, what is the performance of these . schools in each State and what is the percentage of children from the rural areas in these schools, State-wise?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY (PROF. M. G- K. MENON); (a,) Yes, Sir.

(b) Perfarmanicfei of these schools has not been evaluated. State-wise percentage of children from rural areas in Navodaya Vidyalayas Is presented below;

Statement

S.No.	State/UT	Percentage of students; admitted from rural areas
1		
2		
3		
4		74- 68
5		
6		76-76
7		
8		
9		75-9
10		77- 91
11		
12		
13		83- 07
14		
15	Mizoram . ,	92. 53
16		
17		
18		
19		
20		100
21		
22		76. 22
23	Andaman and Nicobar .	88-93
24	Chandigarh ** . .	66-11
25	Dadra & Nagar Haveli.	
26	Daman & Diu	80- 98
27		
28		
29	TOTAL :	81.21

Non: ** In case of Chandigarh, sufficient number of rural candidates,am not available..